

## **MANDATORY PROVIDENT FUND SCHEMES AUTHORITY**

### **IV.8 Guidelines on Enrolment and Contribution Arrangements for Relevant Employees Other Than Casual Employees**

#### **INTRODUCTION**

Sections 7, 7A and 7AA of the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance (the Ordinance), section 122 of the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes (General) Regulation, and section 1 of the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes (Specification of Permitted Periods) Notice provide for the enrolment of relevant employees in registered schemes and the making of mandatory contributions.

2. Section 47A of the Ordinance provides that the Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Authority (the Authority) may specify or approve the form and contents of documents required for the purposes of the Ordinance.

3. Section 6H of the Ordinance provides that the Authority may issue guidelines for the guidance of approved trustees, service providers, participating employers and their employees, self-employed persons, regulated persons and other persons concerned with the Ordinance.

4. The Authority hereby issues guidelines to set out the enrolment and contribution arrangements in relation to relevant employees other than casual employees (Non-casual Employees) who participate in registered schemes.

## **EFFECTIVE DATE**

5. These revised Guidelines (Version 11 – June 2024) shall become effective on 26 June 2024. The previous version of these Guidelines (Version 10 – June 2015) shall be superseded on that day.

## **ENROLMENT AND CONTRIBUTION ARRANGEMENTS**

6. The enrolment and contribution arrangements for Non-casual Employees are specified below. Examples which illustrate the arrangements are set out in the Annex.

### **Enrolment Arrangements for a Non-Casual Employee**

7. An employer has to enrol an employee, who is employed by the employer for not less than 60 days, in a registered scheme within a period, that is, the first 60 days of his/her employment (permitted period). If the 60<sup>th</sup> day of employment of an employee is:

- (i) a Saturday;
- (ii) a public holiday;
- (iii) a gale warning day or black rainstorm warning day as defined by section 71(2) of the Interpretation and General Clauses Ordinance (Cap 1) (G/BR warning day); or
- (iv) a day on which the electronic MPF system (or any part of it) is suspended under section 19J or 19L(1)(a) or (b) of the Ordinance and the suspension affects the performance of the duty of an employer under section 7(1) or (2) of the Ordinance<sup>1</sup>,

the permitted period is extended to end on the next following day which is not a Saturday, a public holiday, a G/BR warning day, or a day which falls under (iv)

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<sup>1</sup> Electronic MPF system means an electronic system designated under section 19I(1) of the Ordinance. Such extension only applies to an employer who participates in a registered scheme which has already onboarded the eMPF Platform.

of this paragraph 7.

8. In enrolling an employee in a registered scheme, an employer is required to confirm the accuracy and completeness of the enrolment information by signing in such area(s) as designated in the enrolment form or in such manner or form as the approved trustee (via the system operator of the electronic MPF system or otherwise) may reasonably require. If an employer is not an individual, the enrolment form has to be signed by a duly authorized signatory.

9. An enrolment form is not properly completed for the purpose of section 47A of the Ordinance if it is not completed in accordance with paragraph 8. In such circumstances, the approved trustee (via the system operator of the electronic MPF system or otherwise) should follow up with the employer on the application for enrolment of the concerned employee.

### **Contribution Arrangements for a Non-Casual Employee**

10. If an employee remains in the same employment for not less than 60 days, the employer must ensure that contributions required to be made in respect of the employee are paid on or before the contribution day of each contribution period. The contribution day means the 10<sup>th</sup> day after the last day of:

- (i) a calendar month within which the relevant contribution period ends;
  - or
  - (ii) the month during which the 60-day permitted period ends,
- whichever is the later.

In computing a period of time for the definition of permitted period for the purpose of paragraph 10(ii), the permitted period ends on the 60<sup>th</sup> day of employment even if it is a Saturday, a public holiday, a G/BR warning day, or a day which falls under paragraph 7(iv) above.

11. If the contribution day is:

- (i) a Saturday;
- (ii) a public holiday;
- (iii) a G/BR warning day; or
- (iv) a day on which the electronic MPF system (or any part of it) is suspended under section 19J or 19L(1)(a) or (b) of the Ordinance and the suspension affects the payment of a mandatory contribution to the approved trustee of a registered scheme or the Authority<sup>1</sup>,

the contribution day is extended to the next following day which is not a Saturday, a public holiday, a G/BR warning day, or a day which falls under (iv) of this paragraph 11.

12. An employer may enrol an employee before the end of the 60-day permitted period. Mandatory contributions may also be made before the end of the 60-day permitted period provided that the amounts have been ascertained. In the event that the employee ceases employment before the 60<sup>th</sup> day of his/her employment, both the employer and the employee would be exempted from making mandatory contributions.

## **VOLUNTARY CONTRIBUTIONS**

13. For the avoidance of doubt, subject to the governing rules of the scheme concerned, an employer may make voluntary contributions for and on behalf of a relevant employee during the 60-day permitted period.

## **DEFINITION OF TERMS**

14. Where a term used in the Guidelines is defined in the Ordinance or the subsidiary legislation then, except where specified in the Guidelines, that term carries the meaning as defined in the Ordinance or the subsidiary legislation.